The "pedagogy of discomfort" as an approach to support curriculum development for inclusive education Colloquium on Hopeful Pedagogies SU: 19 November 2010



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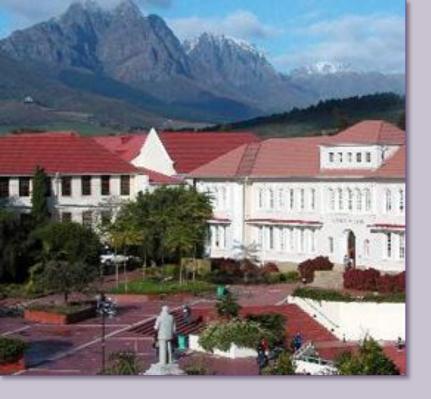


The essential dilemma

"How was one to break through all these borders? 'Suture', I think. Perhaps 'suture' is the word that can wash this world. Carefully, to stitch, to weave, this side to that side, so that border becomes a heart-hammered seam."

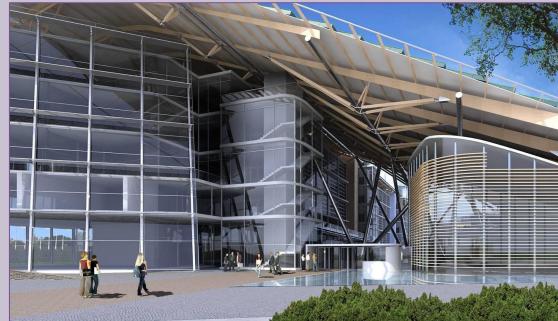


Antjie Krog (2009) *Begging to be Black*. Cape Town: Random House. p. 123



... apart (heid)/hate

Institutions and spaces may be new forms of ...



Initial objectives

To bring fourth year social work, psychology and occupational therapy students from two universities together,

in which they learn, across boundaries of institution, race, class and discipline,

about community, self and identity.

Our model: "pedagogy of discomfort"



"cognitive dissonance... emotional fire inside me cannot be contained". (SU)

A 'structured' learning experience

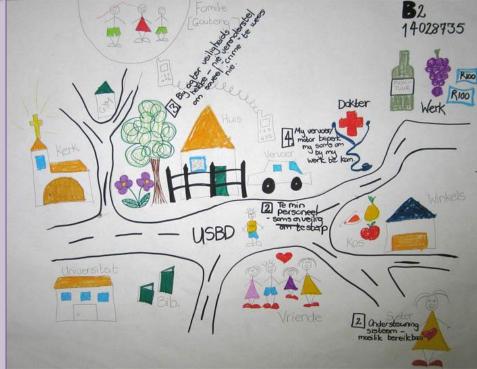
- Blended: on-line learning and face to face
- Blended: experiential and theoretical
- Use of participatory learning and action
- Use of groups of six to facilitate dialogue



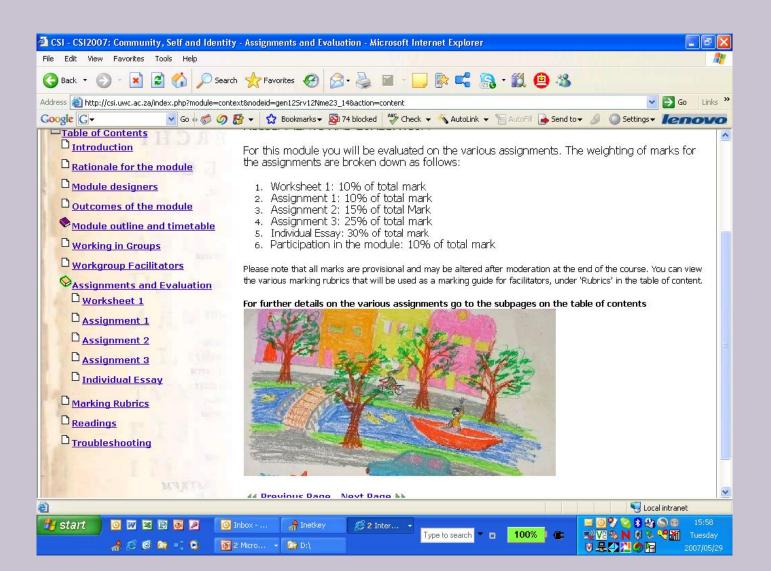


Use of participatory learning and action techniques

"Draw the map of your community, showing services, ..., use beans to show areas where there are problems requiring attention"



Structured opportunities for learning



Guest lectures: Remix Theatre Company



Guest lectures: local artist: Bernie searle



TELL ME YOUR RACE THEN I WILL GIVE YOU OUR IDENTITY

Group presentations



GROUP N: Transcending Boundaries!



Left to right: Fundiswa Seti , Nina Rossouw (A), Tembela Mgini, Simon Lolliot , Ntsikelelo Mahobe and Miriam Ameerm

Conclusion



In a multi-dimensional society, it is important to embrace that people, even professionals, are individuals and have different ideas about life, but that everyone has an unique and important contribution to make. (This is the main lesson we learned from being a part of this programme). It does not mean that we cannot have our own opinion, the importance is accepting our own identities while acknowledging and respecting others. Like the puzzle, every piece is a different colour, but together it forms a whole. All the pieces have one purpose, to form a puzzle. All of us differ, but we all share the same goal – to help people in need.



Outcome for students

"Would you recommend repeating the idea of learning with students from another university?" 84 – yes; 1 – no.

"Would you recommend repeating the idea of learning with students from another discipline?" 83 – yes; 1 – no.

"Would you recommend using a mix of workshops and electronic communication?"

77 – yes; 7 – no; 2 – maybe.

Multiple lessons learnt

- What students were able to learn, and how much, about identity, difference, etc
- What factors facilitated this learning:
 - Pedagogic
 - Socio-cultural
- Negotiating learning
 - Strategies students used
- What theories were useful to us

Theories we drew upon

- Contact hypothesis and refutations (Dixon, Durrheim and Tredoux)
- SA literature on difference, international literature
- Human capabities (Sen, Nussbaum, Walker)
- Pedagogy of discomfort (Boler and Zembylas)
- Critical race theory (various)
- Participatory learning and action (Chambers)
- Reflexivity various
- Community of practice/community of enquiry (Wenger)

The teacher is implicated within the social and pedagogical narrative, not some empowered educator who has figured out the problems of an unequal world and stands to dispense this wisdom to receiving students. ... the teachers are themselves carriers of troubled knowledge, and this has serious implications for critical education.



Jonathan Jansen (2009) Knowledge in the Blood; Confronting Race and the Apartheid Past. Cape Town: UCT Press



Team process

Critical friends Action research 2005 - 2006 Planning Fundraising 2006 - 2008Implementation Reflection 2009 - 2010 Planning New phase





Team Process: Writing for learning

Bozalek, V., Rohleder, P., Carolissen, R., Leibowitz, B., Nicholls, L., & Swartz, L. (2007). Students learning across differences in a multi-disciplinary virtual learning community. South African Journal of Higher Education, 21(7):812-825.

- Carolissen, R., Rohleder, P., Swartz, L., Leibowitz, B., Bozalek, V. (in press). "Community psychology is for poor, black people": Challenges in teaching community psychology in South Africa. *Equity and Excellence in Education*
- Leibowitz, B., Bozalek, V., Rohleder, P., Carolissen, R., & Swartz, L. (2010). "Whiteys Love to Talk About Themselves": Discomfort as a pedagogy for change. *Race, Ethnicity and Education*, 13(1):83-100.
- Rohleder, P., Bozalek, V., Carolissen, R., Leibowitz, B., & Swartz, L. (2008). Students' evaluations of e-learning as a tool in a collaborative project between two South African universities. *Higher Education*, *56*(1), 95-107.
- Swartz, L., Rohleder, P., Bozalek, V., Carolissen, R., Leibowitz, B., & Nicholls, L. (2009). "Your mind is the battlefield": South African trainee health workers engage with the past. *Social Work Education*, 28(5):488-501.

Team process

Diversity training for team and facilitators



"It was a very intense and emotional experience for all of the participants, leaving many feeling vulnerable and exposed. "

On reflection

Students

Enjoyed traversing different spaces Experienced process as difficult Small number crossed the threshold Need to work towards a goal Success factors for the team

Reflexivity Team work, commitment, investment Hard work Successful fundraisers Interdisciplinarity