

DEPARTMENT OF EARTH SCIENCES

Undergraduate and Postgraduate Study

exploring and understanding planet Earth www.sun.ac.za/earthsci

DEPARTMENT OF EARTH SCIENCES

Apply to study Earth Sciences at SU





- STEP 3 Decide which stream you wish to register for
- STEP 4 Apply online at www.maties.com

POSTGRADUATE: BSc HONOURS IN EARTH SCIENCE



- STEP 1 Entrance to the honours year is extremely competitive. Consult the Faculty of Science Yearbook and website (www.sun.ac.za/science) for the latest entrance requirements. Although a 65% average for 3rd year geology modules is required for admission to the earth science honours programme, other factors may also be taken into account when considering students with a lower average and external applicants.
- STEP 2 Contact the Honours Coordintor at eshonours@sun.ac.za
- STEP 3 Apply online at http://www.sun.ac.za/pgstudies
- STEP 4 Submit the application by the 1st of October the year preceeding study

POSTGRADUATE: MSc - MASTER OF SCIENCE or PhD - DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY



- STEP 1 Contact a member of the academic staff to arrange a suitable project. Postgraduate students should develop their own project independently or in conjunction with a potential supervisor.
- STEP 2
 Compile the departmental application documents including internal application form following the guidelines at www.sun.ac.za/earthsci and contacting the postgraduate coordinator for the Department on espostgrad@sun.ac.za
- STEP 3
 Once permission has been granted from the Department to register for the MSc or PhD

 programme, the application is sent to the Faculty of Science for ratification
- STEP 4
 MSc students can register immediately, but PhD students require Faculty Board approval.

 Speak to your proposed supervisor regarding deadlines.
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Dept Earth Sciences

Stellenbosch Universit Private Bag X1 Matieland, 7602 Chamber of Mines Building Cnr Ryneveld & Merriman St Stellenbosch

www.sun.ac.za/earthsci geology@sun.ac.za +27 (0)21 808 3219 minerals in a variety of contexts and their preservation in the rock record

Isotope Hydrology isotopes to trace the movement the behaviour of minerals and and interaction of water bodies involved in the hydrological cycle and pressures

Experimental Petrology nucleation and growth of the use of stable and radioactive the use of experiments to model studying the interactions between chemical processes rocks at different temperatures and the marine and terrestrial ecosystems

Tectonics the study of large scale control the movement of crustal plates across the surface of the planet

Economic Geology the formation and characteristics structural processes that of ore deposits (i.e., earth materials that are of economic or industrial interest)

Igneous Petrogenesis the occurrence , field relationships, structural characteristics, mineralogy and

it pertains to their formation

Geochronology the determination of the timescale of aeological history through both absolute and geochemistry of igneous rocks as relative dating methods formation and evolution

Metamorphic Petrology Vertebrate Taphonomy the study of the mineralogy, textures and field relationships of from the biosphere to the metamorphic rocks and what they can tell us about their

the transition of organic matter lithosphere (Earth's rock record).



What is Earth Science?

Earth Science applies the principles of physics, chemistry, biology and mathematics to study the formation and evolution of planet Earth. It uses the fundamental building blocks of our planet, minerals and rocks, to help us understand the composition and structure of the planet and how this has evolved over time. It deals oceans, the occurrence of minerals, gemstones, the use of groundwater, the interpretation of fossils and the search for new resources and new energy sources, that are crucial for the existence and prosperity of humankind. Earth Science also includes environmental geoscience, which is the study of the link between earth processes and

What do Earth Scientists do? They typically work in the mining or

exploration industries and combine field observations with petrology and geochemistry to understand the formation and occurrence of natural resources such as iron ore, platinum, diamonds as well as water. With a broad basis of Earth Science knowledge and skills. Earth Science graduates are typically in the front line for challenging national or international careers in the wider Earth Sciences.

Career Opportunities

With a broad basis of Earth Science knowledge and skills, you will be in the front line for a challenging national or international career in mining, exploration, applied mineralogy and environmental geochemistry.

Possible employers are:

- ► Council for Geoscience
- ► Mintek
- ► CSIR
- Universities
- ► **Research Institutions**
- Mining Companies
- **Exploration Companies**
- Geological Consultancies
- Environmental Consultancies





BSc in Earth Sciences

The Department of Earth Science offers a 3-year undergraduate programme in Earth Sciences. The programme qualifies students to undertake postgraduate studies in Earth Science (Honours, Masters and PhD) at this or other universities both in South Africa and overseas. Students can select one of two streams: (a) Applied Earth Sciences; and (b) Geo-environmental Sciences. Both streams follow the same common first year curriculum but diverge at second year, although there are still a number of modules that are common to both streams.



Students wishing to practice as a geologist or other Earth Science professional should note that an Honours degree with Earth Science as a major is the MINIMUM requirement for registration as a professional geologist through SACNASP [www.sacnasp.org.za]

BSc Honours in Earth Sciences

312 Spatial Analysis (GIT)

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In order to register as a professional geologist, students must undertake a 4th year of study to complete their BSc Honours in Earth Sciences. This is a one year full time programme that involves course work and an individual research project. The programme has two streams, Applied Geology and Environmental Geochemistry. The compulsory modules must be taken by all students and students must then choose one of the streams to take depending on their interest. The research project constitutes over 25% of the programme content and consists of ~14 weeks of independent research that involves a combination of field work, analytical work, experimental work and theoretical concepts.



